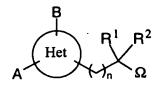
- 3,3-dimethylbutyl 2-[4-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
- 2-phenylethyl 2-[4-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
- butyl 2-[4-(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
- butyl 2-[4-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-5-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
- 5 butyl 2-[4-(4'-methyl-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(4'-chloro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(2'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-{4-[4'-(methylthio)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl}ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(2',4'-difluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
- butyl 2-[4-(3'-chloro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(3'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(3'-chloro-4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(3',4'-dichloro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(4'-cyano-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
- butyl 2-{4-[4'-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl}ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-5-ethyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(2'-chloro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(2',3'-difluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(2'-bromo-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
- 20 butyl 2-[4-(3',5'-difluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(2'-methoxy-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1H-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(3'-nitro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(2',5'-difluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
  - butyl 2-[4-(3'-methoxy-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamate;
- 25 and the salts thereof.
- 43 42. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 18 wherein the active principle is butyl 2-(4-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)ethylcarbamate or one of its pharmaceutically acceptable salts.
- 44 43. A compound of the general formula



 $(III)_G$ 

Rule 1.126 in racemic, enantiomeric form or any combination of these forms, in which Het is a heterocycle with 5 members comprising 2 heteroatoms and such that general formula (III)<sub>G</sub> corresponds exclusively to one of the following sub-formulae:

in which

5 A is selected from tyhe group consisting of

a)

$$R^3$$

wherein R<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, -OH, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

b)

wherein R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, -OH, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, cyano, nitro and NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>,

R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and -COR<sup>12</sup>, or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> form together with the nitrogen atom an unsubstituted or substituted heterocycle containing 4 to 7 members and 1 to 3 heteroatoms including the nitrogen atom already present, the additional heteroatoms being selected independently from the group consisting of the O, N and S atoms and the substituents being selected independently from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>12</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>,

R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, or R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> form together with the nitrogen atom an unsubstituted or substituted heterocycle containing 4 to 7 members and 1 to 3 heteroatoms including the nitrogen atom already present, the additional heteroatoms being chosen independently from the group consisting of the O, N and S atoms and the substituents being selected independently from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>9</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and -COR<sup>15</sup>,

R<sup>15</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and NR<sup>16</sup>R<sup>17</sup>,

R<sup>16</sup> and R<sup>17</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, or R<sup>16</sup> and R<sup>17</sup> form together with the nitrogen atom an unsubstituted or substituted heterocycle containing 4 to 7 members and 1 to 3 heteroatoms including the nitrogen atom already present, the additional heteroatoms being chosen independently from the group consisting of the O, N and S atoms and the substituents being selected independently from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

and W doesn't exist, or W is selected from the group consisting of a bond, -O-, -S- and -NR<sup>18</sup>-, R<sup>18</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen atom and alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

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wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of i) hydrogen, -OR<sup>22</sup>, -SR<sup>22</sup>, -NR<sup>23</sup>R<sup>24</sup> and unsubstituted phenyl, ii) phenyl substituted by one or more substituents selected independently from the group consisting of halogen, -OH, cyano, nitro, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, haloalkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkylthio of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, -NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup> and a group with two substituents representing together a methylenedioxy or ethylenedioxy radical, and iii) -COPh, -SO<sub>2</sub>Ph and -CH<sub>2</sub>Ph wherein Ph is unsubstituted phanyl or phenyl substituted by one or more of the substituents selected independently from halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

10 R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and -COR<sup>12</sup>, or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> form together with the nitrogen atom an unsubstituted or substituted heterocycle containing 4 to 7 members and 1 to 3 heteroatoms including the nitrogen atom already present, the additional heteroatoms being chosen independently from the group consisting of the O, N and S atoms and the substituents being selected independently from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>12</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>,

R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, or R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> form together with the nitrogen atom an unsubstituted or substituted heterocycle containing 4 to 7 members and 1 to 3 heteroatoms including the nitrogen atom already present, the additional heteroatoms being chosen independently from the group consisting of the O, N and S atoms and the substituents being selected independently from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>22</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, unsubstituted aryl and aryl substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, -OH, halogen, nitro and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>23</sup> and R<sup>24</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and -CO-R<sup>25</sup>,

R<sup>25</sup> is alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

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 $R^{19},\,R^{20}$  and  $R^{21}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, -OH, -SR\$^{26}, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl of 3 to 7 carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, cyano, nitro, -SO\$\_2NHR\$^{49}, -CONHR\$^{55}, -S(O)\_qR\$^{56}, -NH(CO)R\$^{57}, -CF\$\_3, -OCF\$\_3 and NR\$^{27}R\$^{28},

R<sup>26</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>27</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and -COR<sup>29</sup>, or R<sup>27</sup> and R<sup>28</sup> form together with the nitrogen atom an unsubstituted or substituted heterocycle containing 4 to 7 members and 1 to 3 heteroatoms including the nitrogen atom already present, the additional heteroatoms being chosen independently from the group consisting of the O, N and S atoms and the substituents being selected independently from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>49</sup> and R<sup>55</sup> are, independently each time that they occur, selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkylcarbonyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms,

q is an integer from 0 to 2,

R<sup>56</sup> and R<sup>57</sup> are, independently each time that they occur, selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, R<sup>29</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and -NR<sup>30</sup>R<sup>31</sup>,

R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, or R<sup>30</sup> and R<sup>31</sup> form together with the nitrogen atom an unsubstituted or substituted heterocycle containing 4 to 7 members and 1 to 3 heteroatoms including the nitrogen atom already present, the additional heteroatoms being chosen independently from the group consisting of the O, N and S atoms and the substituents being selected independently from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

d)

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wherein R<sup>32</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

and T is  $-(CH_2)_{m}$  with m = 1 or 2,

e)

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wherein  $R^{33}$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,  $-\Sigma$ -NR<sup>34</sup>R<sup>35</sup> and  $-\Sigma$ -CHR<sup>36</sup>R<sup>37</sup>,

 $\Sigma$  is an alkylene of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>34</sup> and R<sup>35</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>36</sup> and R<sup>37</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, unsubstituted carbocyclic or heterocyclic aryl and carbocyclic or heterocyclic aryl substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, -OH, halogen, nitro, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup>,

10 R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and -COR<sup>12</sup>, or R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> form together with the nitrogen atom an unsubstituted or substituted heterocycle containing 4 to 7 members and 1 to 3 heteroatoms including the nitrogen atom already present, the additional heteroatoms being chosen independently from the group consisting of the O, N and S atoms and the substituents being selected independently from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>12</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup>,

R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, or R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> form together with the nitrogen atom an unsubstituted or substituted heterocycle containing 4 to 7 members and 1 to 3 heteroatoms including the nitrogen atom already present, the additional heteroatoms being chosen independently from the group consisting of the O, N and S atoms and the substituents being selected independently from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

and T is  $-(CH_2)_{m}$ - with m = 1 or 2, and

f) alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl of 3 to 7 carbon atoms and cycloalkylalkyl wherein the cycloalkyl is a cycloalkyl of 3 to 7 carbon atoms and the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms;

30 X is S or  $NR^{38}$ ,

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R<sup>38</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, aralkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkylcarbonyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms and aralkylcarbonyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms,

## 5 Y is O or S;

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R1 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, aminoalkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxyalkyl wherein the alkoxy is an alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl of 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl wherein the cycloalkyl is a cycloalkyl of 3 to 7 carbon atoms and the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, trifluoromethylalkyl wherein the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms,  $-(CH_2)_g-Z^1R^{39}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_g-COR^{40}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_g-NHCOR^{70}$ , unsubstituted aryl, unsubstituted aralkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, unsubstituted arylcarbonyl, unsubstituted heteroarylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, unsubstituted aralkylcarbonyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms and one of the aryl, aralkyl, arylcarbonyl, heteroarylalkyl or aralkylcarbonyl radicals wherein the alkyl is is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and the aryl or heteroaryl is substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, halogen, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, nitro, cyano, cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, amino, alkylamino of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, dialkylamino wherein each alkyl is independently an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k</sub>-Z<sup>2</sup>R<sup>39</sup> and -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k</sub>-COR<sup>40</sup>,

 $Z^1$  and  $Z^2$  are independently selected from the group consisting of a bond, -O-, -NR<sup>41</sup>- and -S-,

R<sup>39</sup> and R<sup>41</sup> are, independently each time that they occur, selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms and cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms,

R<sup>40</sup> is, independently each time that it occurs, selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and NR<sup>42</sup>R<sup>43</sup>,

R<sup>42</sup> and R<sup>43</sup> are, independently each time that they occur, selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms and cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms,

and R<sup>2</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, aminoalkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxyalkyl wherein the alkoxy is an alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl of 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl wherein the cycloalkyl is a cycloalkyl of 3 to 7 carbon atoms and the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, trifluoromethylalkyl wherein the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>g</sub>-NHCOR<sup>71</sup>, unsubstituted aralkyl, unsubstituted heteroarylalkyl, and aralkyl or heteroarylalkyl substituted on the aryl or heteroaryl group by one or more radicals selected independently from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, alkylamino of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and dialkylamino wherein each alkyl is independently an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>70</sup> and R<sup>71</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms;

or R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup>, taken together with the carbon atom which carries them, form a carbocycle with 3 to 7 members;

B is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,  $-(CH_2)_g-Z^3R^{44}$ , unsubstituted carbocyclic aryl and carbocyclic aryl substituted 1 to 3 times by radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, amino, alkylamino of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, dialkylamino wherein each alkyl is independently an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and carbocyclic aryl,

Z<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of a bond, -O-, -NR<sup>45</sup>- and -S-,

R<sup>44</sup> and R<sup>45</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms and cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms;

 $\Omega$  is NR<sup>46</sup>R<sup>47</sup> or OR<sup>48</sup>.

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 $R^{46}$  and  $R^{47}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, cycloalkyl of 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl wherein the cycloalkyl is a cycloalkyl of 3 to 7 carbon atoms and the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms,  $-(CH_2)_8-Z^4R^{50}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_k-COR^{51}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_k-COR^{51}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_k-CONHR^{51}$ ,  $-CSNHR^{51}$ ,  $-SO_2R^{51}$ , unsubstituted aryl, unsubstituted aralkyl wherein the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, unsubstituted arylcarbonyl, unsubstituted arylimino, unsubstituted

aralkylcarbonyl wherein the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, unsubstituted heteroaryl, and one of the aryl, aralkyl, aryloxyalkyl, arylcarbonyl, arylimino, aralkylcarbonyl, heteroaryl radicals wherein the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and the aryl or heteroaryl group is substituted by one or more substituents chosen independently from halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, hydroxy, nitro, cyano, cyanoalkyl, amino, alkylamino of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, dialkylamino wherein each alkyl is independently an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,  $-(CH_2)_k-Z^5R^{50}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_k-COR^{51}$  and  $-(CH_2)_k-COR^{51}$ ,

Z<sup>4</sup> and Z<sup>5</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of a bond, -O-, -NR<sup>52</sup>- and -S-,

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or R<sup>46</sup> and R<sup>47</sup> taken together form with the nitrogen atom a non aromatic heterocycle with 4 to 8 members, the elements of the chain being chosen from a group composed of -CH(R<sup>53</sup>)-, -NR<sup>54</sup>-, -O-, -S- and -CO-,

R<sup>50</sup> and R<sup>52</sup> are, independently each time that they occur, selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms and cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms,

R<sup>51</sup> is, independently each time that it occurs, selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, cycloalkyl of 3 to 7 carbon atoms, cycloalkylalkyl wherein the cycloalkyl is a cycloalkyl of 3 to 7 carbon atoms and the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, haloalkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkoxyalkyl wherein the alkoxy is an alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, NR<sup>58</sup>R<sup>59</sup>, unsubstituted aryl, unsubstituted aralkyl, and one of the aryl or aralkyl radicals wherein the alkyl is an alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and the aryl group is substituted by one or more substituents selected independently from the group consisting of halogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R<sup>58</sup> and R<sup>59</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms and cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms.

 $R^{53}$  and  $R^{54}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen,  $-(CH_2)_k-Z^7R^{60}$  and  $-(CH_2)_k-COR^{61}$ ,

Z<sup>7</sup> is selected from the group consisting of a bond, -O-, -NR<sup>62</sup>- and -S-, R<sup>60</sup> and R<sup>62</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms,

unsubstituted aryl, unsubstituted aralkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, unsubstituted arylcarbonyl, unsubstituted aralkylcarbonyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, unsubstituted pyridinyl, unsubstituted pyridinylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, unsubstituted pyridinylcarbonyl radical, and one of the aryl, aralkyl, arylcarbonyl, aralkylcarbonyl, pyridinyl, pyridinylalkyl or pyridinylcarbonyl radicals substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, halogen, nitro, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, cyano, cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k</sub>-Z<sup>8</sup>R<sup>63</sup> and -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>k</sub>-COR<sup>64</sup>,

R<sup>61</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and NR<sup>65</sup>R<sup>66</sup>,

R<sup>65</sup> and R<sup>66</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms and cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms,

Z<sup>8</sup> is selected from the group consisting of a bond, -O-, -NR<sup>67</sup>- and -S-,

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R<sup>63</sup> and R<sup>67</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms and cyanoalkyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, R<sup>64</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and NR<sup>68</sup>R<sup>69</sup>,

R<sup>68</sup> and R<sup>69</sup> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, allenyl, allenylalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms, alkenyl of up to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms and cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms,

and R<sup>48</sup> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkynyl of up to 6 carbon atoms and cyanoalkyl of 1 to 6 alkyl carbon atoms;

g and p, each time that they occur, are independently integers from 1 to 6, and k and n, each time that they occur, are independently integers from 0 to 6;

it being understood that when Het is such that the compound of general formula (III)<sub>G</sub> corresponds to general sub-formula (III)<sub>G4</sub>, then:

35 A represents the 4-hydroxy-2,3-di-tertiobutyl-phenyl radical;

B, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> all represent H; and finally

 $\Omega$  represents OH;

it being also understood that at least one of the following characteristics must be present:

## 5 - when A represents a

radical in which Q represents OH,

Ω does not represent an NR<sup>46</sup>R<sup>47</sup> radical in which R<sup>46</sup> or R<sup>47</sup> are chosen from a hydrogen atom and an alkyl radical or an NR<sup>46</sup>R<sup>47</sup> radical in which R<sup>46</sup> or R<sup>47</sup> represents an aminophenyl, nitrophenyl, aminophenylcarbonyl, nitrophenylalkyl or nitrophenylalkyl radical;

## - A represents a

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radical B represents a carbocyclic aryl radical optionally substituted 1 to 3 times by radicals chosen from the group composed of a halogen atom, a linear or branched alkyl or alkoxy radical containing 1 to 6 carbon atoms, a hydroxy, cyano or nitro radical, an amino, alkylamino or dialkylamino radical and a carbocyclic aryl radical, and one of R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> represents one of the optionally substituted arylalkyl or heteroarylalkyl radicals;

- A represents a cycloalkyl or cycloalkylalkyl radical;
- Ω represents NR<sup>46</sup>R<sup>47</sup> and one of R<sup>46</sup> and R<sup>47</sup> represents an alkenyl, allenyl, allenyl, allenyl, alkynyl, cyanoalkyl or hydroxyalkyl radical;
  - one of R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> represents a cycloalkyl or cycloalkylalkyl radical;
  - none of R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> represent H;

il

- n = 1 and A represents an optionally substituted biphenyl, phenoxyphenyl, phenylthiophenyl, phenylcarbonylphenyl or phenylsulphonylphenyl radical;
- when Het is a thiazole ring and  $\Omega$  represents the  $OR^{48}$  radical in which  $R^{48}$  is a cyanoalkyl radical, then the cyano group is not attached to the carbon atom immediately adjacent to the oxygen atom;

or a salt of this compound.

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45 A4. A compound of claim 43 which is a compound of general formula

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wherein X is sulfur; or a salt thereof.

46. 45. A compound of claim 44 which is 4-[2-(aminomethyl)-1,3-thiazol-4-yl]2,6-di(tert-butyl)phenol, or a salt thereof.

47 46. A compound of claim 43 which is a compound of general formula

wherein X is NR<sup>38</sup> and R<sup>38</sup> is hydrogen; or a salt thereof.

48. 47. A compound of claim 46 which is butyl 2-(4-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)ethylcarbamate, or a salt thereof.